# The Generalized Geometry of α'-corrections

Falk Hassler

Based on work in progress with

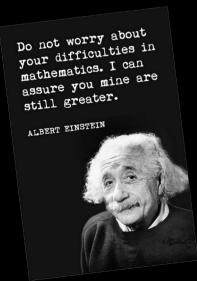
Daniel Butter, Achilles Gitsis & Eric Lescano





#### The Problem

$$S = \int dx^d \sqrt{-g} \left( R + a_1 R^2 + a_2 R_{ij} R^{ij} + \dots \right)$$

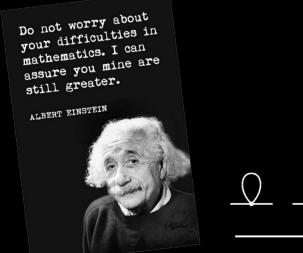


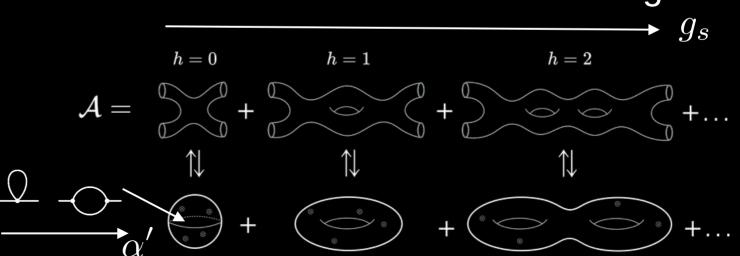
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Question: How do we obtain all the coefficients?

String Theory





### NS/NS-sector @ leading order in α'

$$S = \int dx^{d} \sqrt{-g} e^{-2\phi} \left( R + 4(\partial \phi)^{2} - \frac{1}{12} \widetilde{H}^{2} \right)^{\widetilde{H}_{ijk} = H_{ijk} - \frac{3}{2}a\Omega_{ijk}^{(-)} + \frac{3}{2}b\Omega_{ijk}^{(+)}$$
$$+ \frac{a}{8} R_{ija}^{(-)b} R^{(-)ij}{}_{b}{}^{a} + \frac{b}{8} R_{ija}^{(+)b} R^{(+)ij}{}_{b}{}^{a} + \dots \right)$$

$a = -\alpha, b = 0$	heterotic
$a=b=-\alpha'$	bosonic
a = b = 0	type II

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- 3 coefficients for terms with 2
- 8 coefficients for terms with 4
- 60 coefficients for terms with 6

derivatives

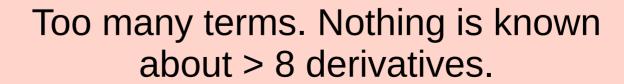
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Leverage <u>symmetry</u> to decrease number of possible terms.

Like diffeomorphisms, gauge-transformations and:

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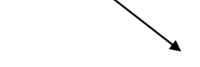
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invariant under  $O(d) \times O(d) \subset O(d,d)$ 

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### Leading Symmetries and Action

$$\delta E^{A}{}_{M} = \mathbb{L}_{\xi} E^{A}{}_{M} + \Lambda^{A}{}_{B} E^{B}{}_{M}, \qquad \Lambda^{A}{}_{B} \in \mathcal{O}(d) \times \mathcal{O}(d)$$

generalized Lie derivative

generalized Lorentz transformation

- 1) diffeomorphisms (gravity)
- 2) gauge tranformation

transformation of fermions

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generalized flux 
$$F_{ABC}=3D_{[A}E_{B}{}^{I}E_{C]I}$$
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$$S = \int dx^d \, e^{-2d} \, \mathcal{R}$$

one unique invariant

$$\mathcal{R}(F_{ABC}, F_A, D_A, H_AB)$$

#### **Symmetries**

- gen. diff
- gen. Lorentz



Poláček-Siegel construction \*

#### **Invariants**

 $\mathcal{R}, \dots$ 

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Poláček-Siegel construction \*

gen. spin and affine connection, related by

#### Covariant derivative:

ariant derivative: 
$$\nabla_A E_B{}^M = E_A{}^N \partial_N E_B{}^M + \Omega_{AB}{}^C E_C{}^M - E_A{}^N \Gamma_{NL}{}^M E_B{}^L$$

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gen. diffeomorphisms

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2 connections are required:  $\Omega_A^{\alpha}$ ,  $\rho^{\alpha\beta}$  adjoint index of the gen. Lorentz group  $G_S$ 

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$$O(d+n,d+n) \to O(d,d) \times G_S, n = \dim(G_S)$$

$$G_{PS} \supset G_S$$



### Choosing $G_{\rm S}$ and $G_{\rm PS}$

#### Objective:

- 1) fix all connections by
  - 1) gauge fixing
  - 2) torsion constraintsin terms of the generalized frame (and its derivatives)
- 2) as few invariants as possible

We do the same in General Relativity.

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We do the same in General Relativity.

$$G_{\rm S} = {\rm O}(d+p) \times {\rm O}(d+q)$$
  
 $G_{\rm PS} = {\rm O}(d+p,d+q)$ 

•  $G_{\mathrm{PS}}$  is generated by  $K_{AB}, R_{\alpha}{}^{A}, R_{\alpha\beta}$  • and  $G_{\mathrm{S}}$  by  $\mathbf{t}_{\alpha}=(t_{\overline{\alpha}}\underbrace{t_{\alpha}})$ 

left and right factors of  $G_{\mathbf{S}}$ 

- $G_{\rm PS}$  is generated by  $K_{AB}, R_{\alpha}{}^A, R_{\alpha\beta}$  How to relate and  $G_{\rm S}$  by  ${\bf t}_{\alpha}=(t_{\overline{\alpha}},t_{\underline{\alpha}})$  left and right factors of  $G_{\rm S}$

$$t_{\overline{\alpha}_1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \left( K_{\overline{a}\overline{b}} \right)$$

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### Torsion contraints and gauge fixing

Poláček-Siegel construction results one quantity (product):

The twisted mega-space torsion  $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{ABC}}$  fundamental index of  $G_{\mathrm{PS}}$ 

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- Like in Cartan geometry, it contains all curvatures and torsions of the gen. connections  $\Omega^\alpha_A \ , \rho^{\alpha\beta} \ .$
- To fix them completely, we impose:

$$\mathcal{T}_{\overline{\mathcal{A}}\underline{\mathcal{B}}\underline{\mathcal{C}}} = \mathcal{T}_{\underline{\mathcal{A}}\overline{\mathcal{B}}\overline{\mathcal{C}}} = 0$$

**Torsion contraint** 

$$\Omega_{\overline{a}}^{\overline{\alpha}} = \Omega_{\underline{a}}^{\underline{\alpha}} = \rho^{\overline{\alpha}\overline{\beta}} = \rho^{\underline{\alpha}\underline{\beta}} = 0$$

Gauge fixing of chiral/anti-chiral sector

#### Results

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There is a hidden symmetry in string theory which controls higher-derivative( $\alpha$ ')-corrections. How far can we push it?